

REAL TIME CHALLENGES IN ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEMS

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Public

REAL TIME ENGINE CONTROL CHALLENGES

1 INDUSTRIAL CONSTRAINTS

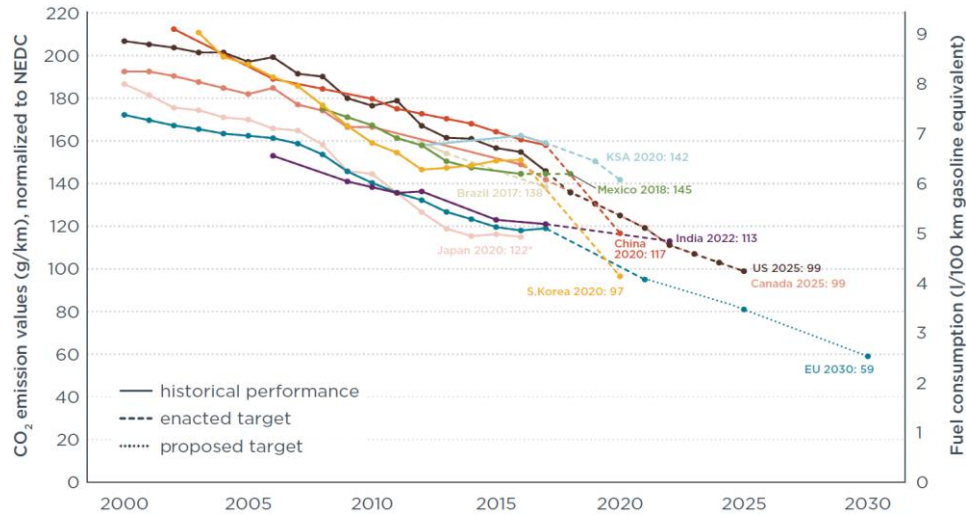
2 TECHNICAL CONSTRAINTS

3 CONCLUSION

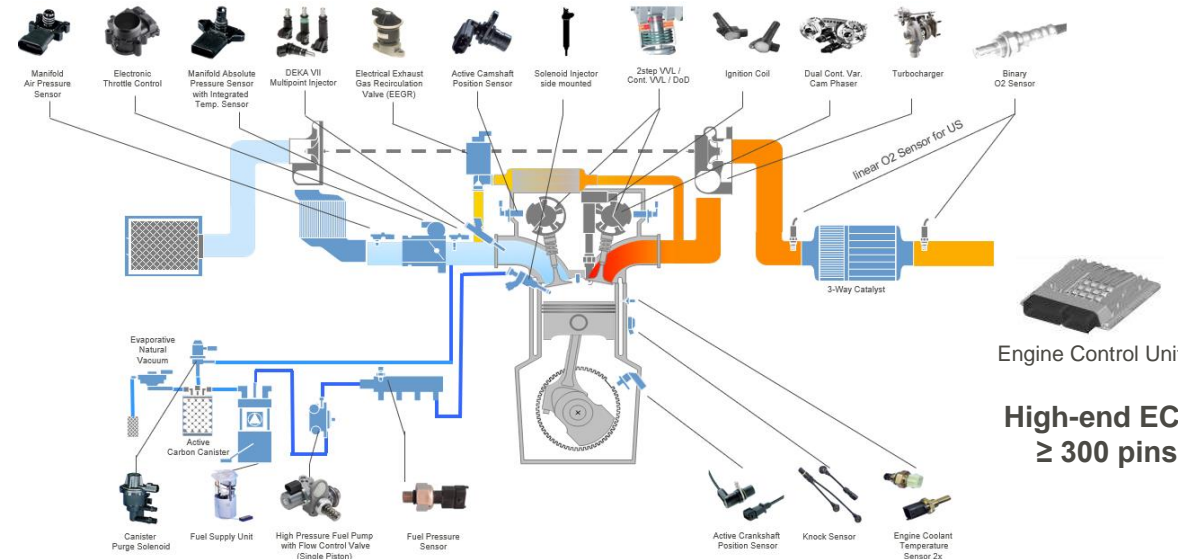
INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE (ICE) SYSTEM OVERVIEW



MAIN MARKET DRIVER IS EMISSION REDUCTION

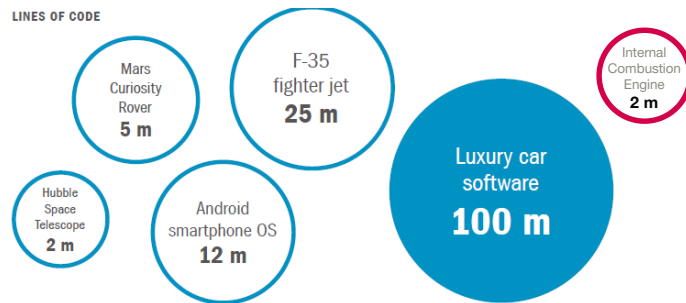


From: ICCT (International Council on Clean Transportation), CO2 EMISSION STANDARDS FOR PASSENGER CARS AND LIGHT-COMMERCIAL VEHICLES IN THE EUROPEAN UNION, Jan. 2019



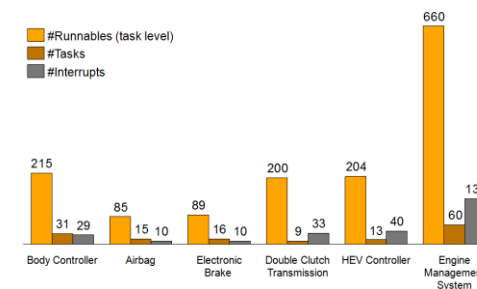
⇒ INCREASE COMPLEXITY OF ICE SYSTEM

GLOBAL WARMING ⇒ CO2 EMISSION REDUCTION



Source: Wall Street Journal, Strategy Analytics, Information is Beautiful, Roland Berger

⇒ INCREASE SW SIZE AND COMPLEXITY

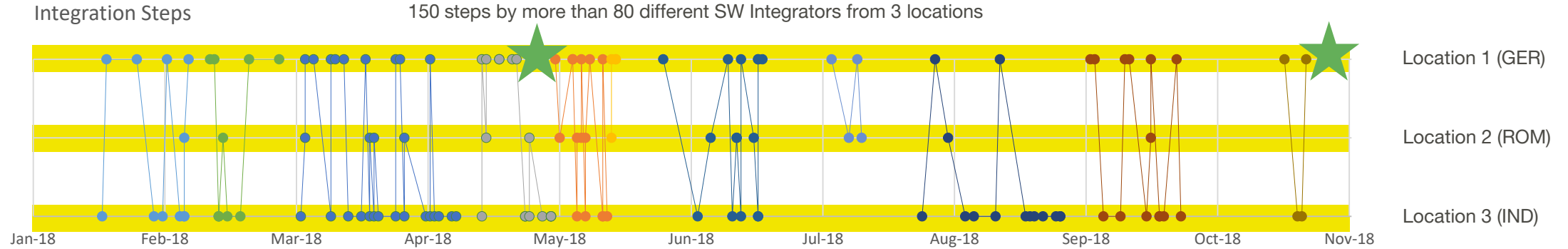


⇒ ICE SW IN AUTOMOTIVE REAL TIME SW

MORE SW NEEDED TO REDUCE FUEL CONSUMPTION!

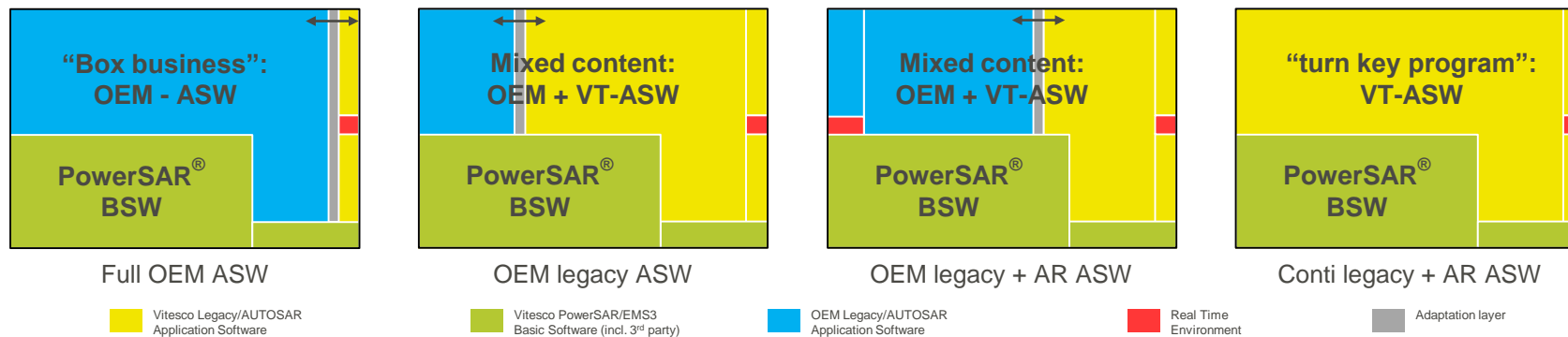
AFFORDABLE SOLUTIONS

REUSE TO SHORTEN DEVELOPMENT CYCLES, REDUCE DEVELOPMENT COSTS



DISTRIBUTED DEVELOPMENT & INTEGRATION: SUPPORT BY THE ARCHITECTURE

★ Release to OEM
(complete project: 3-4 years)



OEM DEVELOPS HIS PART INDEPENDENTLY AND INTEGRATES / BUILDS AGAIN THE SW

HIGHER INTEGRATION BETWEEN PARTNERS

REAL TIME ENGINE CONTROL CHALLENGES

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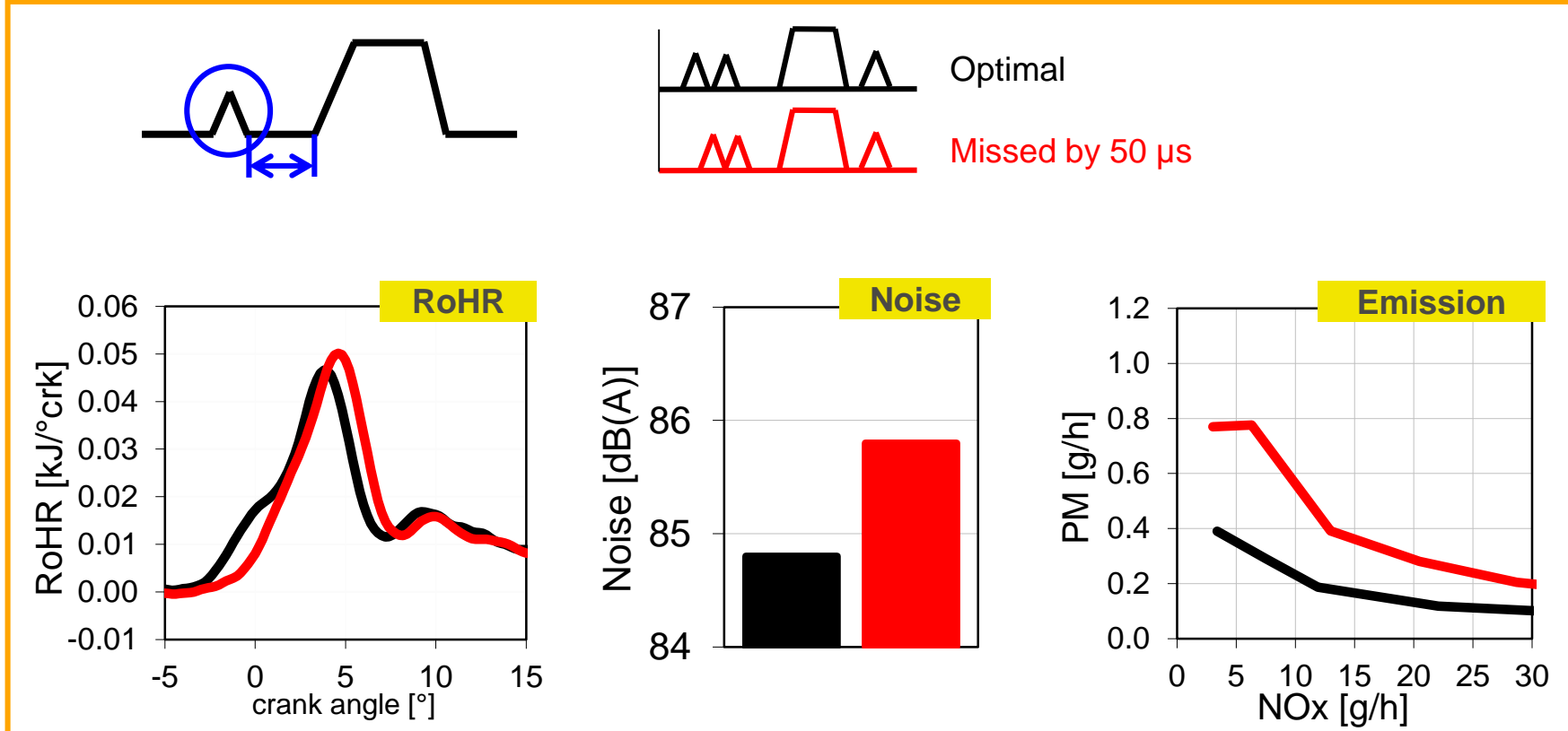
3 CONCLUSION

REAL TIME SW

THE RIGHT VALUE AT THE RIGHT TIME



Impact of accuracy control for „dwell“ and “minimum fuel mass” to emissions

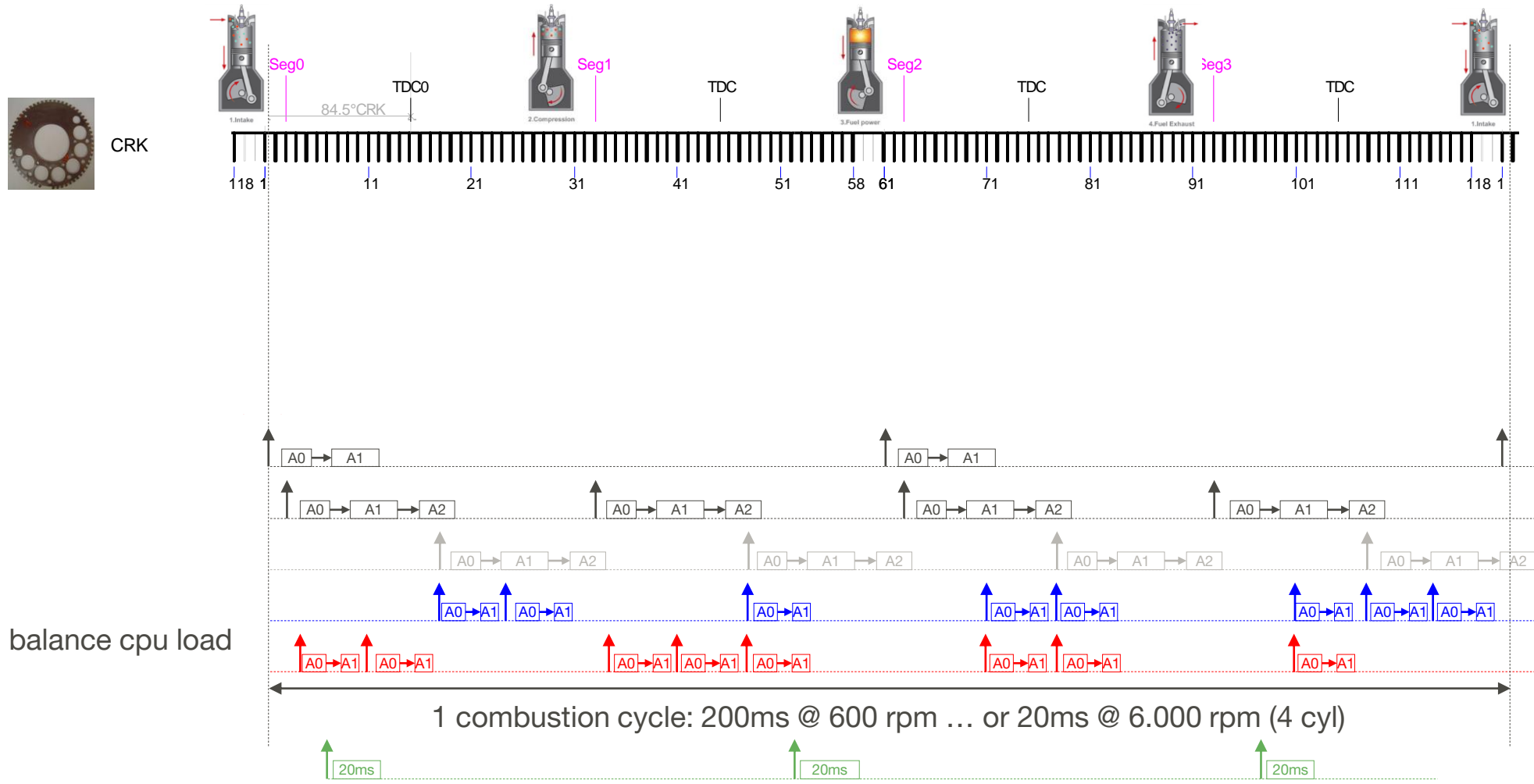


at $n = 1500 \text{ min}^{-1}$, $p_{mi} = 4,2 \text{ bar}$, $HR50 = 8^\circ\text{KW}$, $EGR = 35\%$

THE RIGHT TIMING IS IMPORTANT !

ANGULAR TIME

SW DYNAMICS DRIVEN BY ACTUATOR CONTROL DYNAMICS



1. Frequency = f(rpm)
2. Different periods
3. Different phases
4. Periodic and aperiodic
5. 1 to 4 CAMs
6. Chaining cross cores to balance cpu load
7. ...

ANGULAR TASKS AND TIME BASED TASKS RUNNING ON THE SAME CPU

SPORADIC TIME

NEED OF COHERENT SYSTEM STATE CROSS ALL TASKS ON ALL CORES



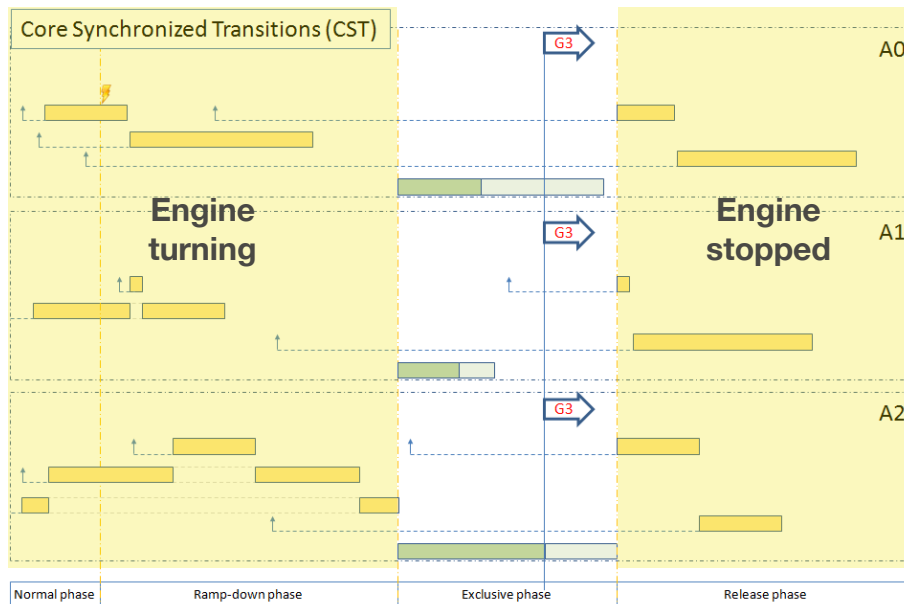
30mn trip: 120.000 x TDC Task*
 180.000 x 10ms Task
 ... but only 1 x Starting, 1 Stalling
 1 x key off, ...
 0 x Clear Fmy, ...

← Nominal computation

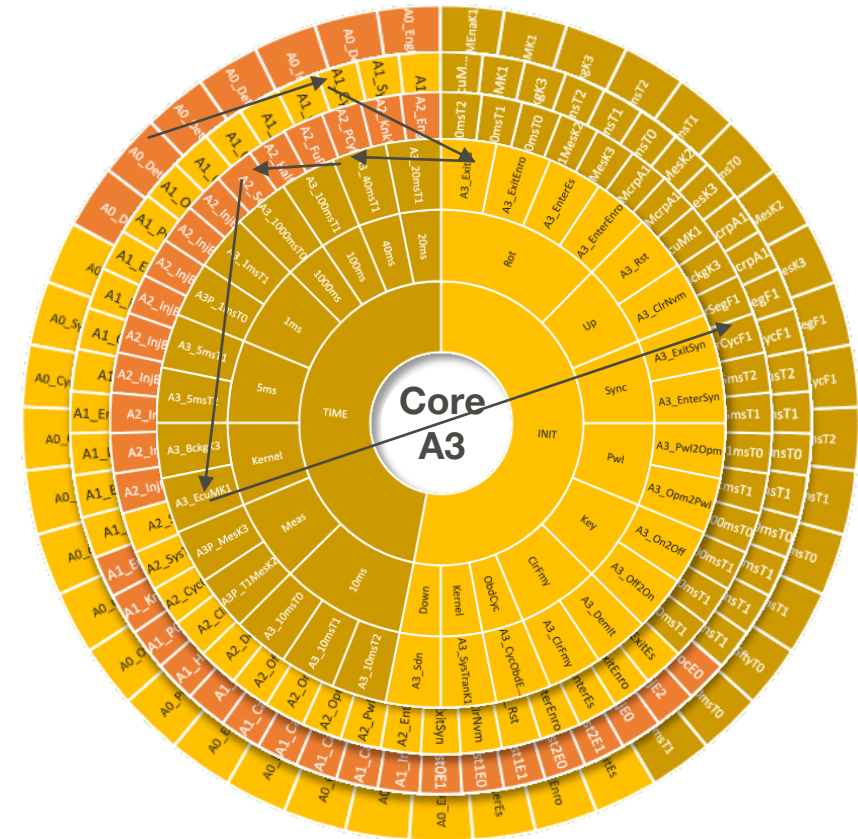
← Strategy initialisation

2 TYPES OF COMPUTATIONS

(*) TDC: 4 cylinders, average 2.000 rpm



SYSTEM TRANSITION IN A PROTECTED MODE

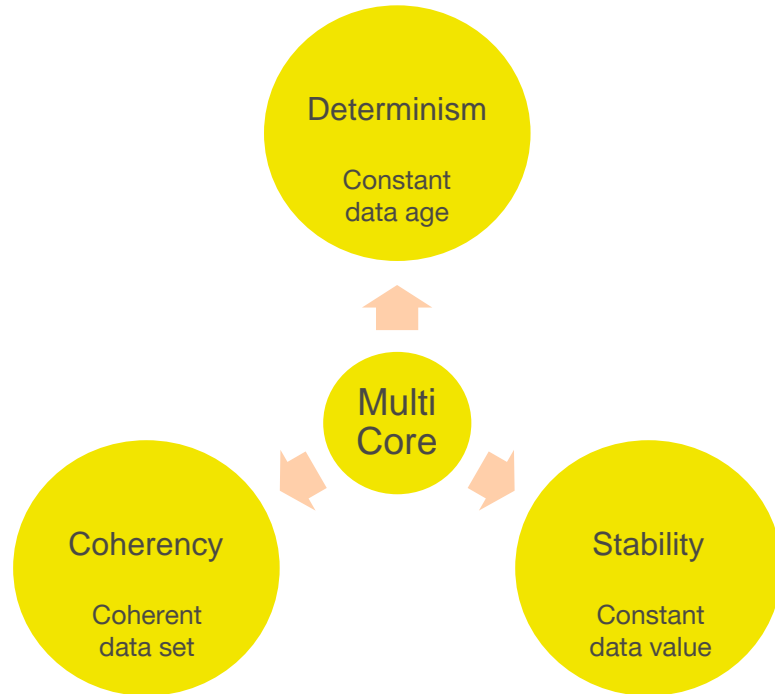


BALANCE BETWEEN 3 "TIME DOMAINS" ... ON ALL CORES

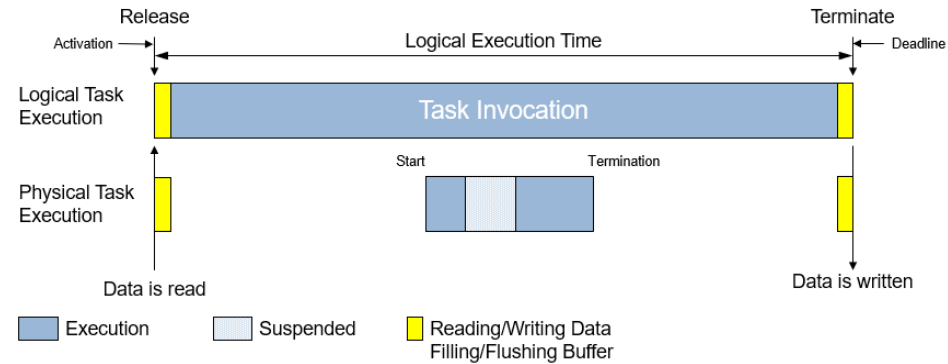
DATA COMMUNICATION BETWEEN TASKS & DOMAINS TO BE CONTROLLED

INTER-TASK COMMUNICATION

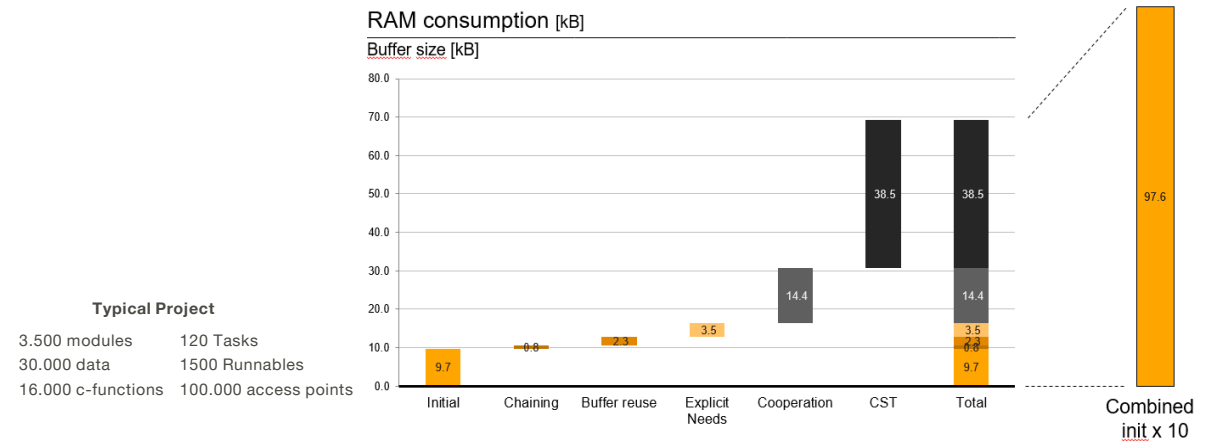
DIFFERENT TYPES OF INTEGRITY



3 TYPES OF INTEGRITY



LOGICAL EXECUTION TIME TO ENSURE DETERMINISM



CRITICAL: EFFICIENCY OF BUFFERING ALGORITHM

INEFFICIENT STRATEGY MAY LEAD TO ... NON-DISTRIBUTABLE SW

Typical Project
 3.500 modules 120 Tasks
 30.000 data 1500 Runnables
 16.000 c-functions 100.000 access points

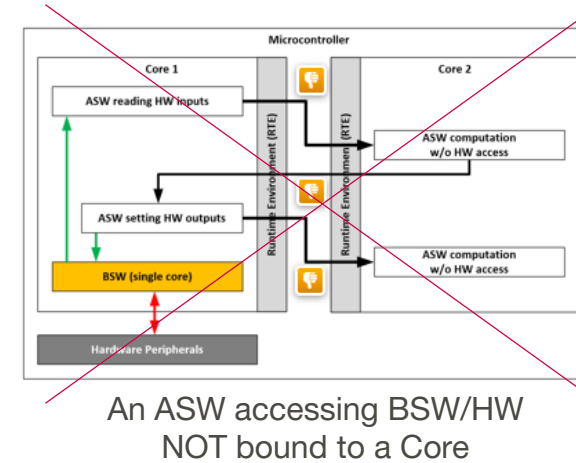
CORE ABSTRACTION FOR EASIER SW DISTRIBUTION

3 LEVELS OF ABSTRACTION

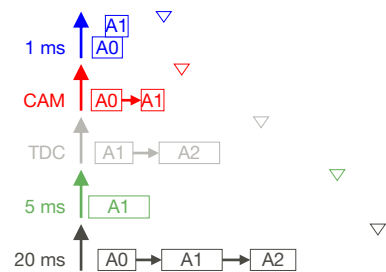
PROBLEM: CORE ALLOCATION IS A MULTI-CRITERIA CHOICE

Event availability › A function has a required Rate: 1 st criteria for integration	Link to Safety Core / Active Lockstep › Safety relevant functions have to be processed on Core with Active Lockstep
Core affinity › Vs. HW feature (e.g. dbl fpu, ...), other function	OEM/Other parties constraints › OEM-SW fix some distribution › Order of Runnables matters !
Last Writer Wins (Lww) situations › Some functions are risky to distribute (complex real time, not multi-core ready)	Sequencing constraint › Higher freedom for introduction of more functions in a late step
Distributivity of the function	CPU load balancing

BSW SERVICES AVAILABLE ON EACH CORE

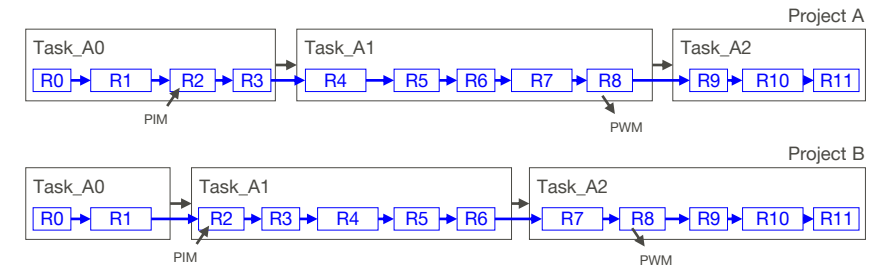


SW ARCHITECTURE INDEPENDENT OF HW FEATURES



Standard task setup for all projects despite different HW configurations (µC)

ASW INTEGRATION INDEPENDENT OF ABSTRACT CORE



CORE ABSTRACTION FOR HIGHER SYNERGY BETWEEN PROJECTS, EASIER INTEGRATION

REAL TIME ENGINE CONTROL CHALLENGES

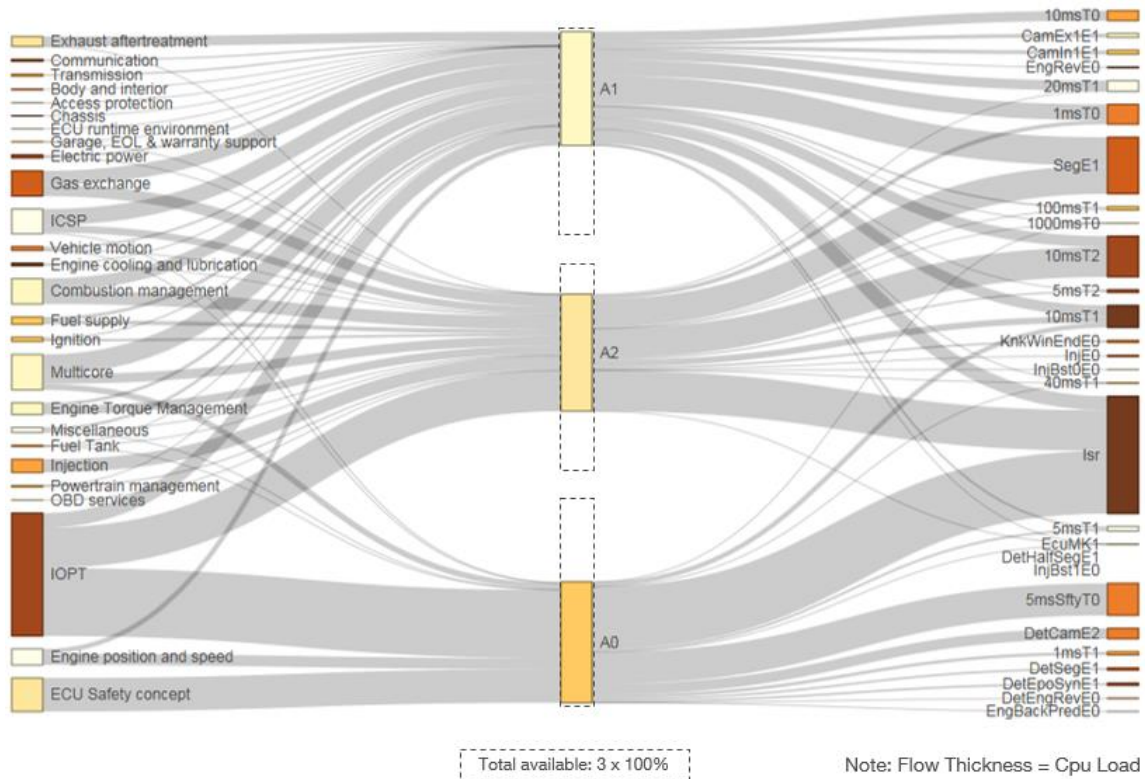
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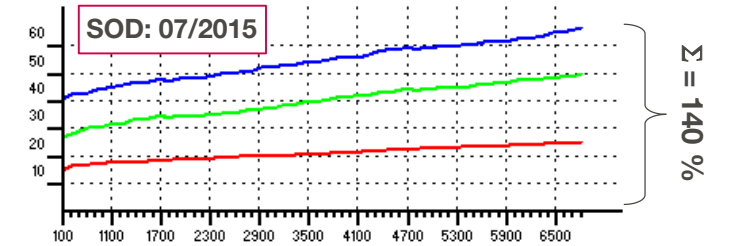
CORE DISTRIBUTION

ENSURING SYSTEM HEALTH DESPITE FUNCTIONAL CONTENT INCREASE

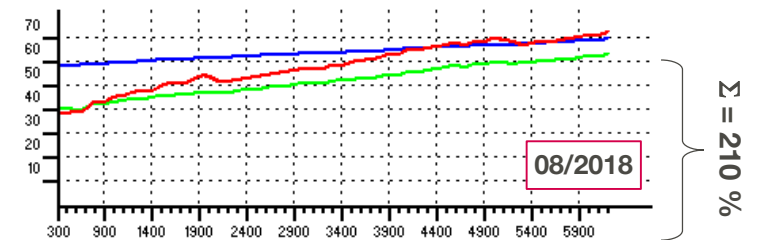


BALANCED FUNCTIONS AND RATES

CPU LOAD



3 years later...



Core 0 Core 1 Core 2

LOAD BALANCING PREPARES THE SYSTEM FOR FUTURE EVOLUTIONS

(EVENT) RESPONSE TIME MONITORING IS A BETTER INDICATOR OF THE SYSTEM HEALTH

**THANK YOU
FOR YOUR ATTENTION**